exceed 1,073°. The Beer or Porter sold shall not contain more than 8 per cent alcohol by volume. The licensee will be bound to pay duty, together with local cess, at the prescribed rate per gallon of proof spirit on all alcohol in the Beer or Porter in excess of 8 per cent by volume, besides being liable for prosecution. Samples of such Beer or Porter shall be sent duly bottled from the tavern for examination and test whenever required by the Excise Department.

(15) Any Magistrate having local jurisdiction, or any officer acting under his warrant or Excise officer shall be allowed entry to the shop at any hour to test the Beer or Porter on the premises and examine the shop accounts, which it shall be the duty of the license-holder and vendor to keep and produce. Such accounts shall be true and correct, and written up daily in the prescribed forms. All condemned Beer shall be destroyed.

(16) He shall close his shop by 9 P.M., and not open it before sunrise, except on special permit in cases of Native festivals, etc.

(17) Beer brought for the Commissariat Department and rejected by the Military or other Departments, shall not, under any circumstances, be forwarded for sale in the tavern.

(18) The shop shall have only one door, and no window be allowed to the rear or ends of the building; the bar where the liquor is sold from, shall be opposite to the entrance door, and so situated that all persons inside can be seen by any one passing to and fro in the street; and no second room shall be allowed to be kept open for customers.

(19) The licensee shall be bound by the rules in force, and which may be issued from time to time by Government.

8. In the case of any breach of the above conditions either by the licensee, or with his connivance and privity by any person in his employment, or in the event of the licensee neglecting to open his tavern or to carry on his business with due care and attention, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to impose upon the licensee a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every such breach or neglect, or at the option of the Deputy Commissioner, to declare the money deposited with him forfeited, and to cancel the license and to resell the privilege or to otherwise dispose of it at the risk of the licensee; and all loss thereby caused, together with the loss accruing to Government in consequence of the licensee not carrying on his business by opening his tavern on 1st July 1913, shall be made good by him. When a license is cancelled, the vend fee for the remaining period of the lease calculated on the average consumption of the previous three years shall be payable at once and in default of payment shall be recovered with all losses as if they were arrears of land revenue.

10. The penalties laid down in the last preceding clause shall not exempt the licensee or his employees from prosecution for any offence committed against the Excise laws in force.

Date of sale.

Kolar Gold Fields shop—at Kolar Gold Fields Magistrate's Court, on 30th May 1913.

M. KANTHARAJ URS,
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 259, dated 6th May 1913.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the exclusive priv
vending Date Toddy in t
ginally noted 21 shops
Heggaddevankote Taluk
year 1913-14, will be so
auction at Heggadde
Thursday the 29th Ma
ject to conditions set
Notification No. 711
March 1913, and inte
are requested to be
on that date to bid fo

C. R. NAI

Government shops.

1. Jakkahalli.
2. Thoravalli.
3. Hebbalguppe.
4. Sargur.
5. Managanahalli.
6. Lanke.
7. Manchahalli.
8. Mullur.
9. Beervalu (Konanallattur.)
10. Chowra.
11. Antersante.
12. Sogahalli.
13. Nerle.
14. Yelemattur.
15. Beechanahalli.
16. Devalapura.
17. Bankavadi.
18. Badaga.
19. Kuntanabettur.
20. Beltur.

Inam Shops.

21. Sugare.